

# Sanquin DonORen Logistiek



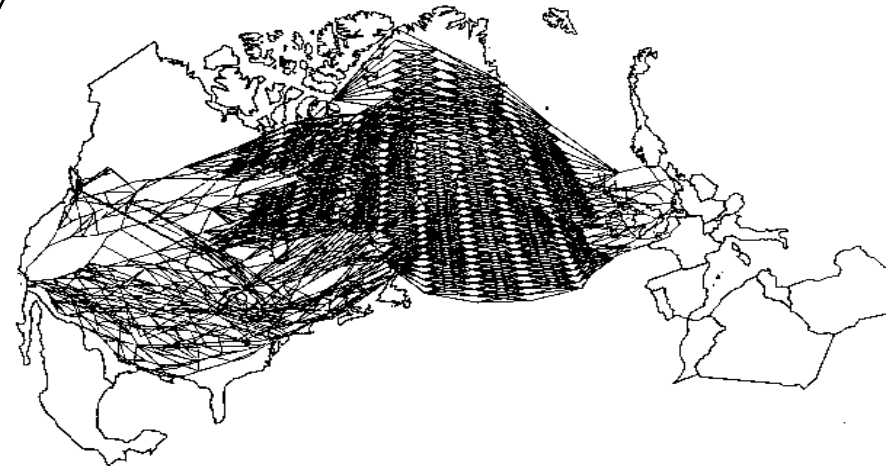
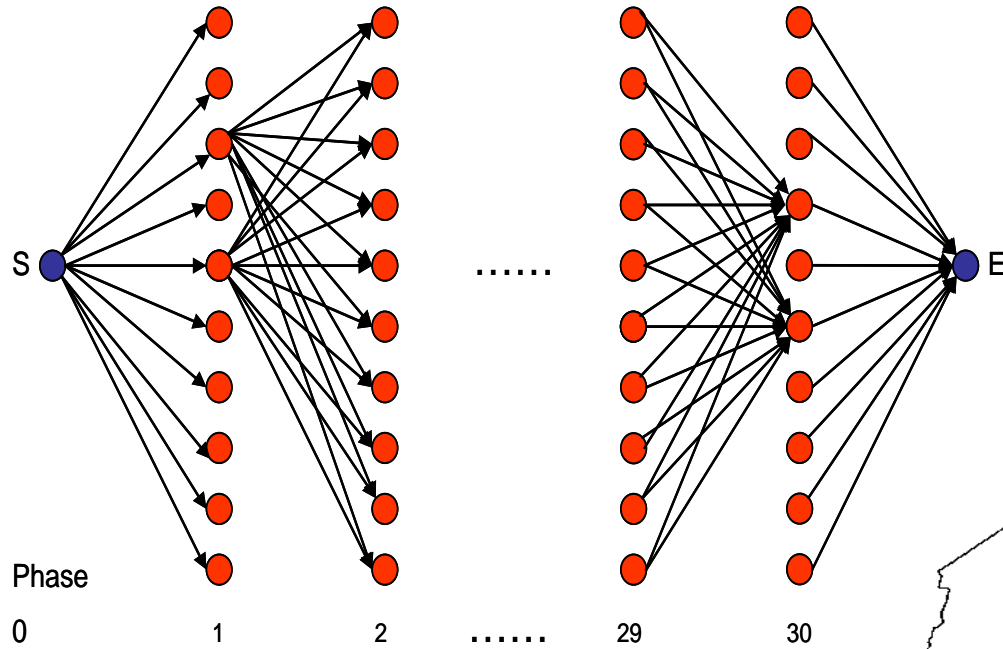
- Wie/wat OR
- Rol van / wat is OR
- OR voor Sanquin
- Voorraad BP
- Inzameling

# Wat is OR

- Voorbeeld 1

# 1 Shortest Route planning





## Wat is OR?

- Voorbeeld 2

## Newsboy problem



Q: Inkoop / voorraad - hoeveel?

$$P(X < Q) \quad \longleftrightarrow$$

$$E(\text{Tekort}) = \int_Q^{\infty} (x - Q)^+ f_X(x) dx$$

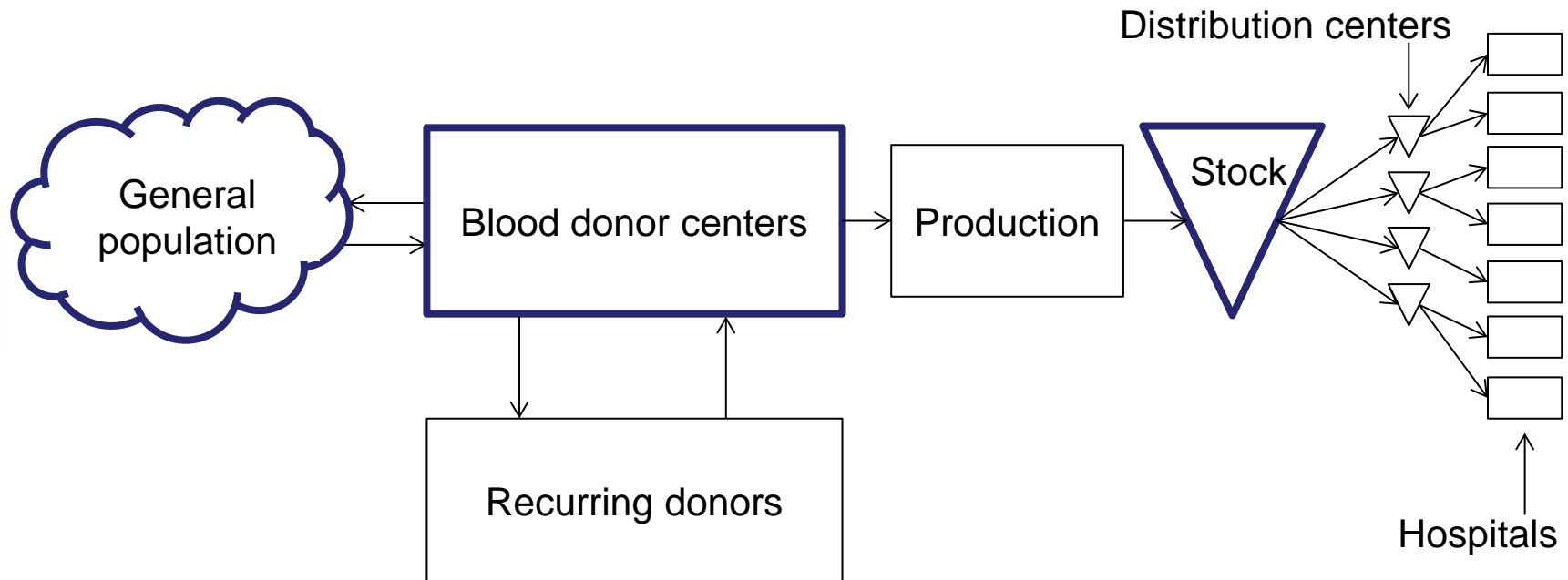
Sanquin

ABO - R / and other/ - Matching

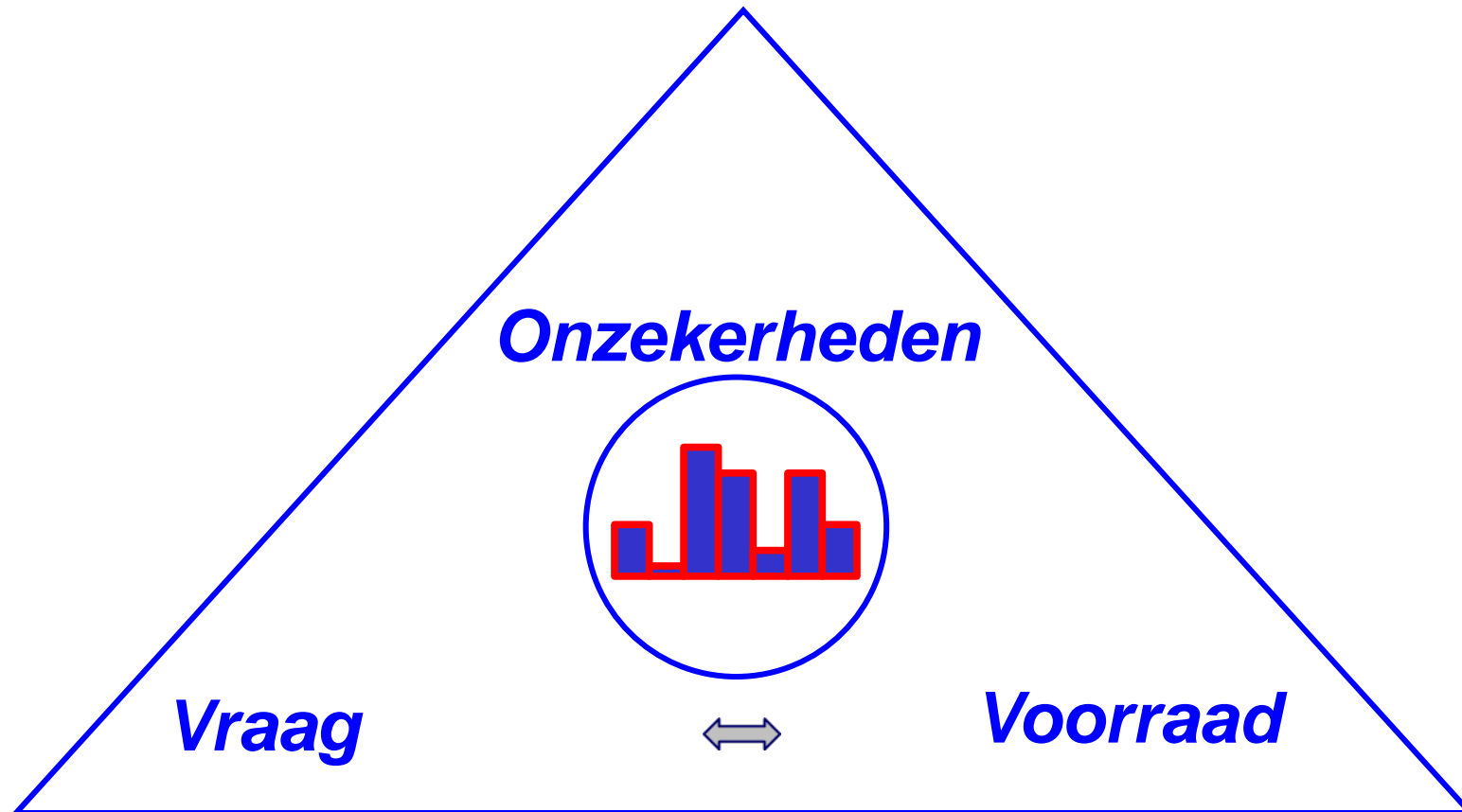
Outdating (verloop)

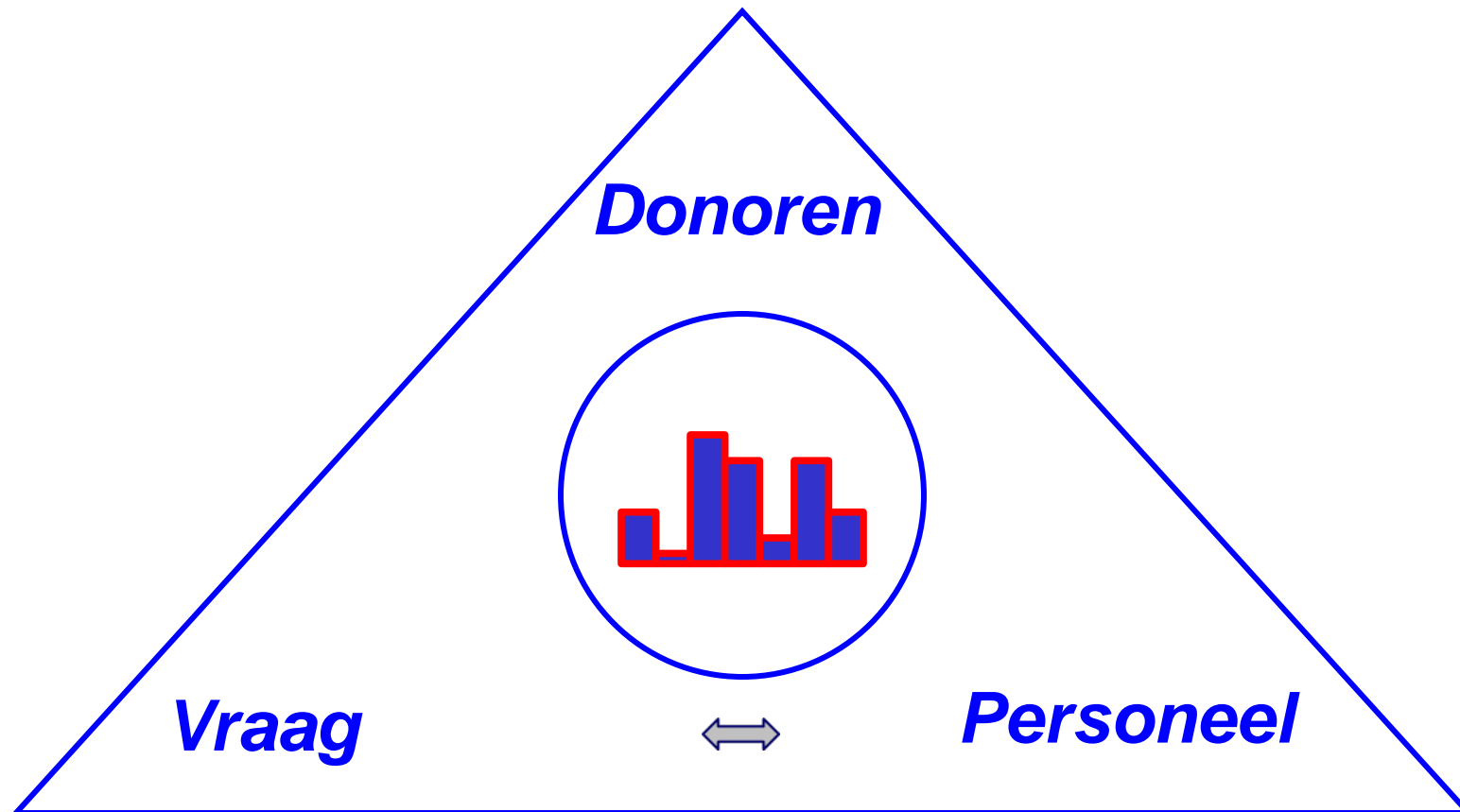
Availability(donors)

# OR for Blood supply Chain









## Vragen

- Voorraden
- Personeelscapaciteit donor centra
- Personeelsinzet tijdens sessie donor centra
- Capaciteits planning en inzet call center
- Werven en benaderen van donors
- Donorsamenstelling
- Distributie / uitgifte centra
- Transport naar ziekenhuizen

# 1 Blood Platelet Production (BPP):



René Haijema

Nikky Kortbeek

Michiel Janssen

Naud Jansen

Jan van der Wal

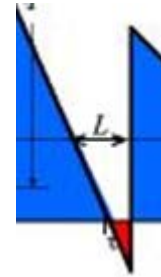
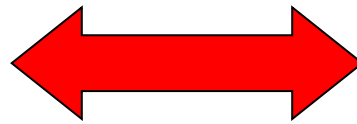
Cees Smit Sibinga

Wim de Kort & Nico M. van Dijk





## Criteria

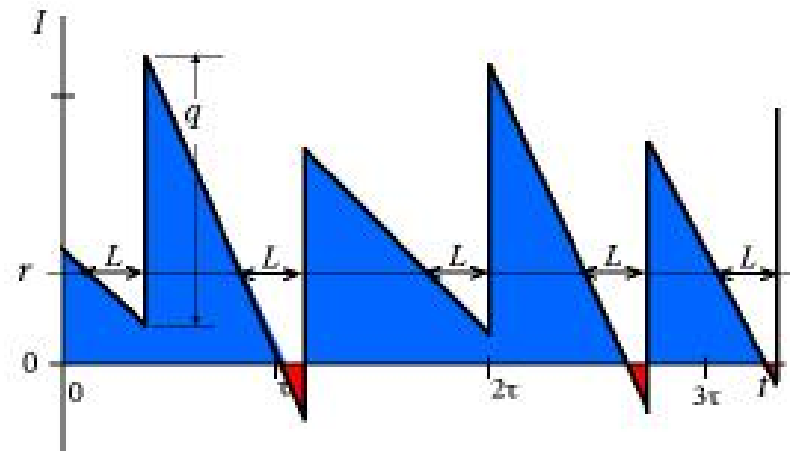


**Outdating**

**Shortages**

## Practice

- USA  
Western Europe
- Shortages ~ 1 %
- Spill (Outdating) ~5 -20 %
- Simple Order-up-to Rules





## OR (DP) modelling (= “Kortste pad”)

- Epochs: each morning
- Decision: production volume =  $k$   
(= 0 on Saturday and Sunday)
- States:  $(d, \mathbf{x}) = (d, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_m)$

where:

$x$  = inventory state

$d$  = day of the week

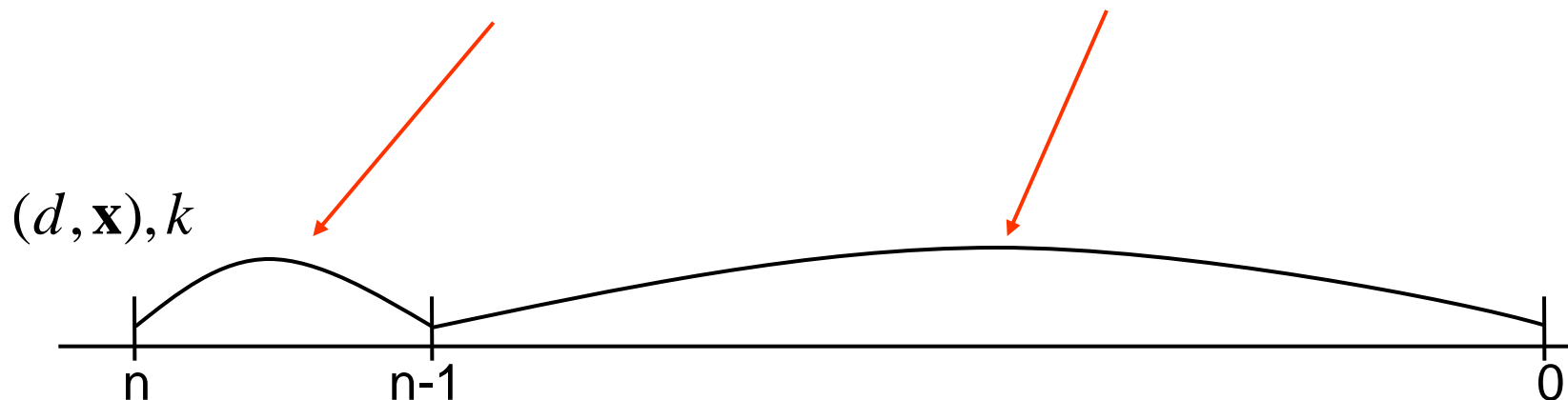
$x_r$  = # pools with residual shelf life of  $r$  days

$m$  = max. residual shelf life (= 6 days)

## OR (SDP) - model

$V_n^R(d, \mathbf{x})$ : minimal expected cost over planning horizon of  $n$  days when starting at day  $d$  with inventory  $\mathbf{x}$

$$V_n^R(d, \mathbf{x}) = \max_k \left\{ c^R(d, \mathbf{x}, k) + \sum_{i,j} p_d^y(j) p_d^a(i) V_{n-1}^R(d+1, \mathbf{z}^R(\mathbf{x}, k, i, j)) \right\}$$



BUT

No Simple (Practical) Optimal Strategy

Production	Inventory (old,..., young)
7	(0, 0, 5, 0, 0, 9)
8	(0, 0, 6, 0, 0, 8)
9	(0, 0, 8, 0, 0, 6)
10	(0, 6, 2, 0, 0, 6)
10	(5, 0, 3, 0, 0, 6)

Tuesday morning

### Step 3 (and 4): Simulation table

Stock \ Repl.	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	total
22														1	1
21									1	2	4	2		1	10
20				759	5481	19706	40627	50741	39344	18762	5391	837	56	3	181707
19	141	3402	35656	92771	165052	206142	174524	97942	34736	7208	708				818282
18															0
0															0
total	141	3402	35656	93530	170533	225848	215151	148683	74081	25972	6103	839	56	5	1000000

Stock \ Repl.	13	14
21		1
20	50741	39344
19	97942	34736
total	148683	74081

Most frequent order-up-to level (82%)

Optimal  
5, 6 or 7 units  
Age plays a role

# Results : Collaborative Research with Dutch Blood Bank Sanquin

- **North East**
  - Outdating & Shortages
- **South East**
  - Age
  - TIMO
  - Transport
  - Real Time Implementation

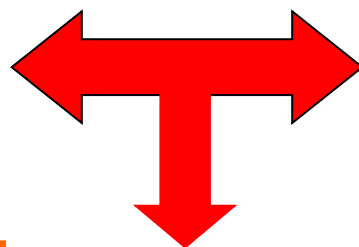


Cost component	Rel. freq.
Spill	0.7%
Shortage	0.07%
Mismatches	0.009%

## Criteria



**Outdating**



**Shortages**



**Age**

## Results 3 ( South East Case)

**Age** = **4** (-1.5) days => **3.20** (-1.5) days  
(30%)

For young demand => **2.75** (-1.5) days  
(50%)

=

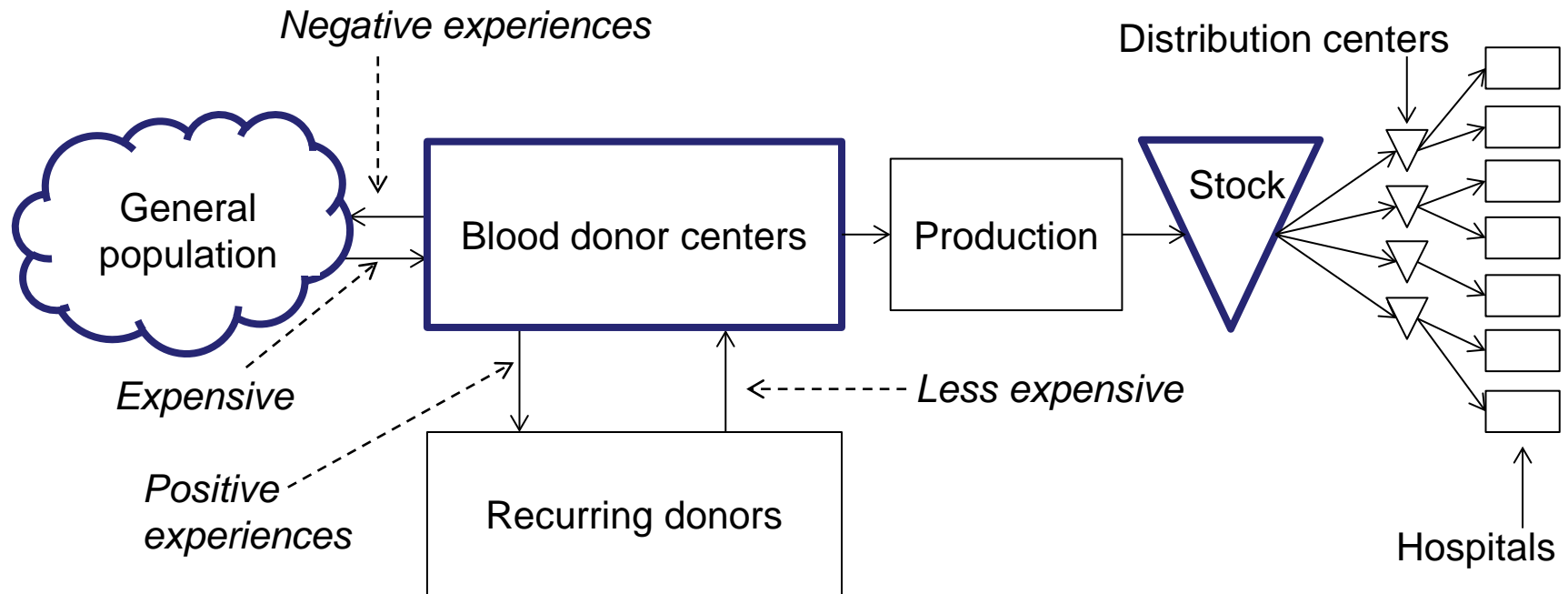
Substantial **quality** improvement for **patient**

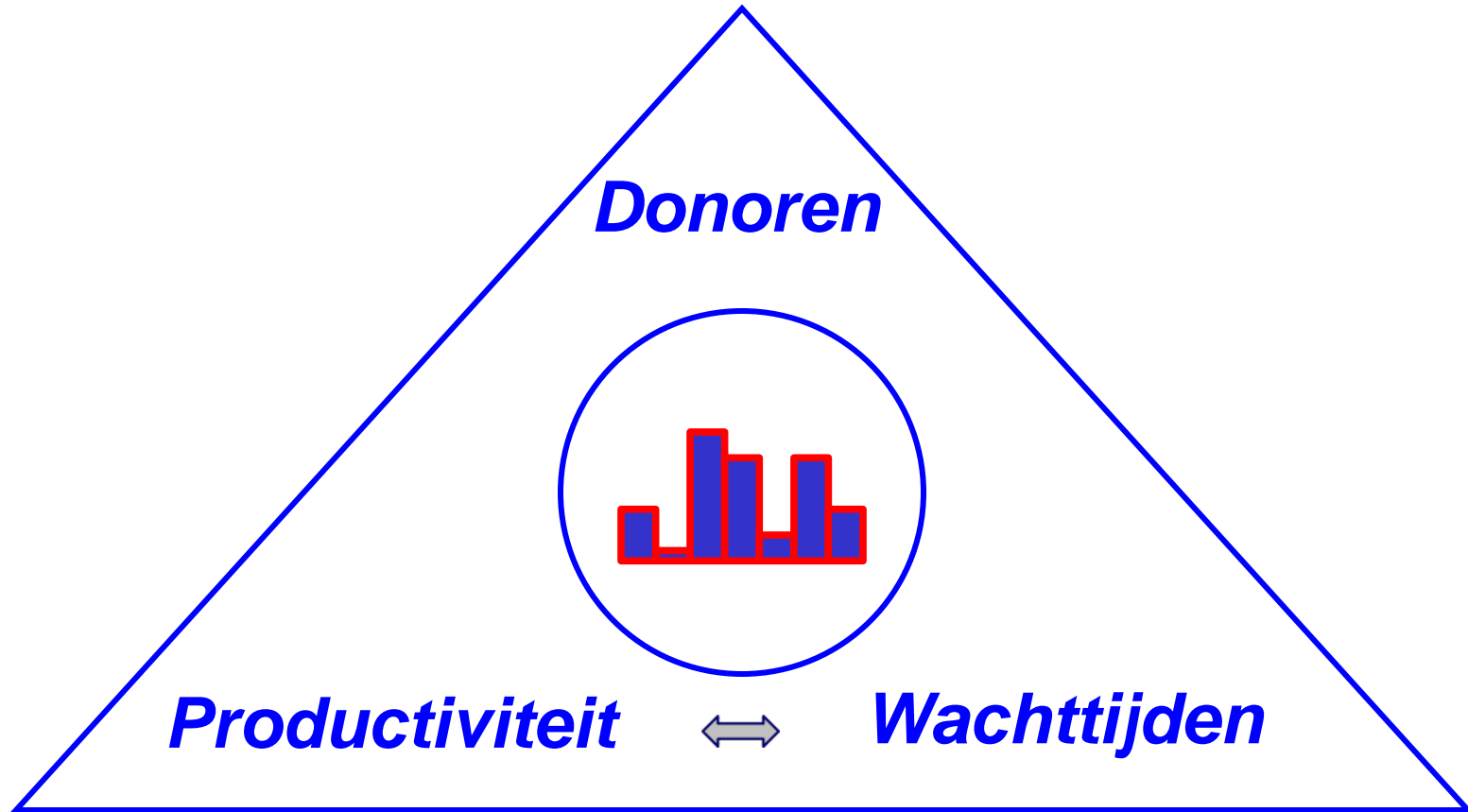


## 2 Blood Collection Sites

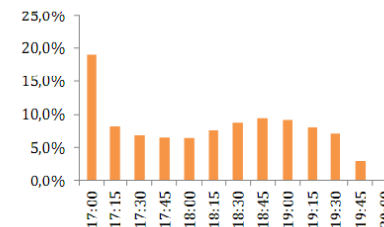
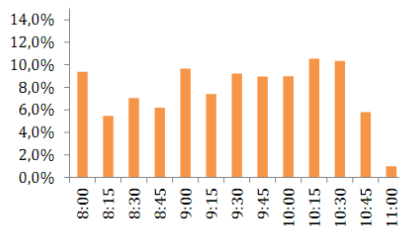
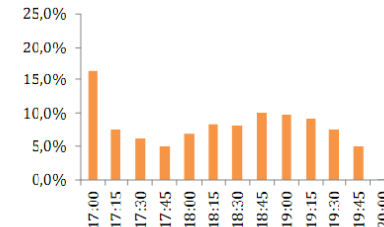
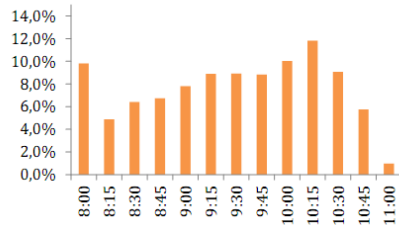
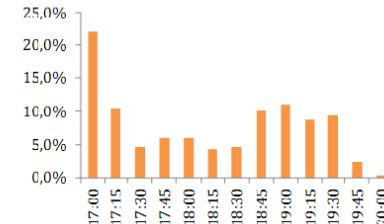
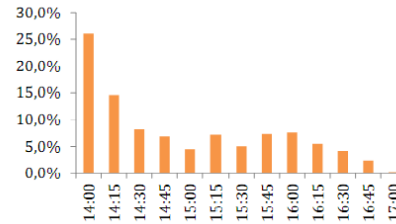
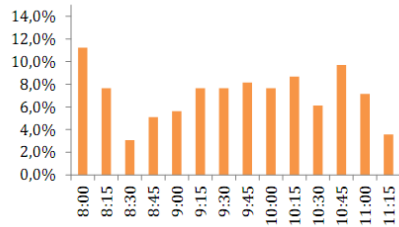


- Patricia Zonneveld
- Ilona van Mechelen
- Luuk Besselink
- Sem van Brummelen
- Wim de Kort & Nico van Dijk



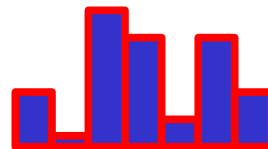
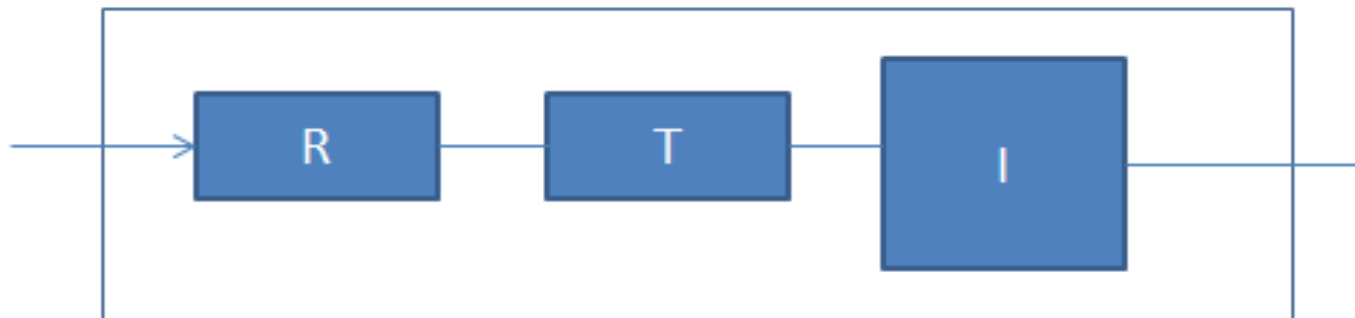


# Walk-in Stochastics: Arrival patterns



# Blood donation process: Stochastics at each stage




**R: Register    T: Testing    I: Blood Intake**



## How - Practical

- 1 Service (WT) norms
- 2 Allow shorter shifts (2 - 4, 5 , 6 , 8 hours)
- 3 More flexible allocation (Intake ↔ Testing)

## How -technical?

- I. Linear Programming (1- st OR – Subdiscipline)  (Luuk)
- II. Queueing Theory (2-nd OR – Subdiscipline)  (Sem)
- III. Computer Simulation (3-rd OR – Subdiscipline)  (Sem)

 **Combination** To be followed



# Conclusions



**Any Questions Waiting?**

**Thanks**