

# Course Package

## Materials Science

Name module	Materials Science – 2A
Educational programme	MSc Chemical Engineering
Period	First block of first semester (block 2A)
Study load	15 ECTS
Coordinator	C. C. Diepenmaat

Materials Science			
block 1A	block 1B	block 2A	block 2B
		<b>Polymer Physics</b> 193730060 (5 EC)	
		<b>Advanced Organic Chemistry</b> 201900123 (5 EC)	
		<b>Electives: (2 of the 2,5 EC)</b>	
		<b>Chemical Process Analysis - 201800328</b> (2,5 EC)	
		<b>Physical Organic Chemistry - 201800448</b> (2,5 EC)	
		<b>Electrochemical Engineering - 201800326</b> (2,5 EC)	

**Required preliminary knowledge:** Organic Chemistry, Mathematics (among others Statistics for Chem. Process Analysis), Molecular & Biomolecular Chemistry and Technology, Thermodynamics, Electrochemistry and/or Electrochemistry: Fundamentals & Techniques, and Chemical Reaction Engineering.

**Please note:** choose 5 ECTS worth of electives for the normal workload.

### 193730060 - Polymer Physics

A coherent introduction at the graduate student level is offered into the properties and behavior of soft matter with a specific focus on the modelling polymer(-dynamics). The treatment follows the book of H. Gedde and / or M. Rubinstein, but is mainly based on the lecture slides, which will be provided during the course. Polymers are an essential component in many industrial applications, but also in biological systems. In this course, you will learn the fundamentals of polymer physics, which are required to predict the static and dynamic properties of such polymeric structures. We will use many examples to illustrate the relevance of these fundamental concepts. Moreover, you will learn how to test and visualize the discussed theories using molecular dynamics (MD) simulations. In the second half of the course, we will explore how we can employ the acquired fundamental knowledge to aid the design of potential applications and help in the investigation of unexplored scientific research areas.

The modules are tentative and subject to change. Please check [the website](#) regularly.

### **201900123 - Advanced Organic Chemistry**

- Give insight in reaction mechanisms;
- Reactive groups, competing mechanisms;
- Structures of amino acids and proteins;
- Peptides and their chemical synthesis;
- Orthogonal chemistry;
- Protein modification;
- Chemistry on surfaces;
- Cell surface engineering;
- Protein arrays, protein sensors
- Antifouling and bio-activation of biomaterials.

#### ***Electives: (2 of the 2,5 EC)***

### **201800328 - Chemical Process Analysis**

This course intends to provide an understanding of how experiments on a chemical process should be designed, so that data collection will lead to statistically meaningful conclusions in an efficient and effective way. A methodology for the optimization of the parameters in a chemical process or of a chemical product will be developed, and analytical strategies for continuous monitoring of the status of a chemical process, product or instrument will be elaborated. Chemometric data analysis concepts including pattern recognition and multivariate analysis will be discussed in the context of chemical process or product performance characterization and process model selection, verification and validation. The concept of statistical process control will be explained.

The obtained knowledge and skills will be practiced by applying them to real (industrial) cases.

### **201800448 - Physical Organic Chemistry**

At the end of the module, you will be able to:

- Understand basic concepts in Physical Organic Chemistry (e.g., mass-action kinetics, acid-base equilibria, enzymatic conversions, photochemical processes), and
- Formulate, as well as solve, equations governing these basic concepts.
- Understand how to analyze the influence of changes to molecular structures in Linear Free Energy Relationships (such as Hammett Plots, Grunwald- Winstein Plots, or Swain-Scott Parameters).
- Apply key concepts in Physical Organic Chemistry in real-world problems. That is, translate complex problems into verifiable hypotheses that can be tested: i) within the organic framework (i.e., by designing a set molecular structures and experimental methods), and ii) within the physical framework (i.e., by determining the set of differential equations that govern the dynamics).

### **201800326 - Electrochemical Engineering**

The student should be able to understand and make suggestions to improve electrochemical processes (e.g. low and high temperature fuel cells and electrolyzers) on the basis of thermodynamics, kinetics and physical transport phenomena.