

WP2.3.Al-assisted networking

Semantics-aware sensing, communication and computing optimization for 6G networks

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Motivation

Intelligence is one of the key features that

Sensing use case

distinguishes 6G from 5G. More specifically, 6G networks are envisioned to incorporate artificial intelligence (AI) in their operation in three ways: (i) for network management, (ii) modern applications, and (iii) AI as a service.

To realize this vision, vast amounts of data must be sensed, collected, transmitted, computed, stored, and secured, all of which demand substantial resources, push network limitations, and introduce significant redundancy.



Figure 1: Intelligent sensing, communication and computing (ISCC) system.

Research Goal

Research Questions

To design intelligent sensing, communication and computing (ISCC) optimization strategies that are

- semantics-aware, •
- energy-efficient,
- capable of adapting to network conditions

while meeting the requirements of 6G verticals, e.g., smart mobility and network telemetry.

Q1: How can semantics be integrated into ISCC resource optimization to minimize energy consumption while ensuring application-specific accuracy?

Q2. How can we make the solution adaptable to different device capabilities and network conditions for a specific application? Q3: How can the proposed semantics-aware ISCC be extended to support multiple applications simultaneously?

Approach

Incorporating semantics to reduce the sensory data volume and capture the insights between sensory data, service needs, and

- network resources.
- Combining semantics with deep reinforcement learning (DRL) for a 6G network to intelligently manage network resources and adapt to dynamic conditions.
- Introducing semantics-aware end-to-end (E2E) network slicing, which dynamically allocates tailored resources from source to destination, ensuring optimal performance for each application.

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